

La Grippe, Whooping-Cough & all affections of the Throat & Lungs;" (carton, English and French) "Recommended for 'La Grippe,' Whooping-Cough and all Throat and Pulmonary Diseases * * * for all Diseases of the Respiratory Organs;" (circulars, English and French) "* * * the greatest possibilities of a radical cure * * * highly recommended for all Affections of the Respiratory Organs * * * its persistent use produces a beneficent relief in serious as well as desperate cases * * * a remedy for all Affections of the Respiratory Organs: Throat, Bronchial Tubes and Lungs * * * the use of Gauvin's Syrup in the treatment of more severe cases * * * Catarrh, as well as Asthma, Whooping-Cough, La Grippe, Hoarseness and Influenza have proven conclusively the efficacy of this remedy * * * especially appropriate for the treatment of pulmonary diseases, because it constitutes the best antiseptic combination to check the progress of microbes in the respiratory organs * * * it will relieve the worst cases * * *." The Sirop D'Anis was labeled in part: (Bottle) "For Babies * * * This preparation is highly recommended in cases of Colic, Dysentery, Sleeplessness and painful dentition * * *," (French) "For Babies * * * This syrup is administered in cases of Colic, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Painful Dentition, Sleeplessness, Coughs, Colds, etc. * * *;" (wrapper) "For Babies * * * This syrup is administered for Infantile Colics, Dysentery, Coughs, Colds, Sleeplessness, etc. * * *." (French) "For Babies * * * This syrup is administered in cases of Colic, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Painful Dentition, Coughs, Colds, Sleeplessness, etc. * * *;" (circular) "For Babies. * * * A preparation for soothing pain in cases of Colic, Dysentery, Coughs, Colds, and Sleeplessness. Recommended for babies and children when the process of dentition is painful," (French) For Babies * * * A preparation for soothing pain in cases of Colic, Dysentery, Colds and Chills (Refroidissements) Recommended for babies and children when dentition is painful and when wanting sleep."

Analysis of samples of the articles by the Bureau of Chemistry of this department showed that the cough sirup consisted essentially of extractives of wild cherry bark and spruce gum, sugar alcohol, and water, and that the sirup of anise consisted essentially of morphine acetate, oil of anise, sugar, alcohol, and water.

Misbranding of the articles was alleged in substance in the libels for the reason that the aforesaid statements, regarding the curative and therapeutic effect of said articles, were false and untrue and fraudulent in that they contained no ingredient or combination of ingredients capable of producing the effects claimed.

On July 31, 1920, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgments of condemnation and forfeiture were entered, and it was ordered by the court that the products be destroyed by the United States marshal.

E. D. BALL, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

SS12. Misbranding of Gauvin's Cough Syrup. U. S. * * * v. 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ Dozen and 12 Dozen Bottles of Gauvin's Cough Syrup. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. Nos. 12669, 12670. I. S. Nos. 18586-r, 18584-r. S. Nos. E-2181, E-2182.)

On June 21, 1920, the United States attorney for the District of Maine, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district libels for the seizure and condemnation of 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ dozen and 12 dozen bottles of Gauvin's Cough Syrup, consigned by J. A. E. Gauvin, Lowell, Mass., remaining unsold in the original unbroken packages at Brunswick, Me., alleging that the article had been shipped on or about October 9,

1919, and transported from the State of Massachusetts into the State of Maine, and charging misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act, as amended. The 10½ dozen bottles were labeled in part: (Bottle) “* * * For * * * ‘La Grippe,’ Whooping-Cough and all affections of the Throat and Lungs;” (carton) “* * * Recommended for * * * ‘La Grippe,’ Whooping-Cough & all Throat and Pulmonary Diseases * * * A safe and active Remedy for all Diseases of the Respiratory Organs * * * ‘La Grippe,’ Whooping-Cough and all Throat and Lung Diseases;” (circular) “* * * Successfully used in all affections of the Throat, Bronchi and Lungs * * * especially indicated in the treatment of all cases of Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Asthma, Whooping-Cough, Influenza and in the first stages of Consumption * * * Tuberculosis * * * ailments of the Chest * * * Spasmodic Coughs * * * Used against all affections of the Throat, Bronchi and Lungs * * * Gauvin’s Cough Syrup is fully indicated for the treatment of the most serious cases of Colds, Bronchitis, the most obstinate Catarrhs, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Grippe, Hoarseness, Influenza and the first stages of Consumption * * * Tuberculosis and * * * Epidemic Grippe * * * Diseases of the Chest * * * Gastric Disorders;” (wholesale carton) “* * * recommended for Pulmonary Diseases * * * affections of the Throat, Bronchial Tubes and Lungs. Hoarseness * * * La Grippe, Whooping Cough.” The 12 dozen bottles were labeled in part: (Bottle) “* * * For ‘La Grippe,’ Whooping-Cough & all affections of the Throat and Lungs;” (carton) “* * * Recommended for ‘La Grippe,’ Whooping-Cough and all Throat and Pulmonary Diseases * * * for all Diseases of the Respiratory Organs;” (circular) “* * * the greatest possibilities of a radical cure * * * highly recommended for all Affections of the Respiratory Organs * * * its persistent use produces a beneficent relief in serious as well as desperate cases * * * a remedy for all Affections of the Respiratory Organs: Throat, Bronchial Tubes and Lungs * * * the use of Gauvin’s Syrup in the treatment of more severe cases of * * * Catarrh, as well as Asthma, Whooping-Cough, La Grippe, Hoarseness, and Influenza have proven conclusively the efficacy of this remedy * * * especially appropriate for the treatment of pulmonary diseases. because it constitutes the best antiseptic combination to check the progress of microbes in the respiratory organs * * * It will relieve the worst cases * * *.”

Analysis of a sample of the article by the Bureau of Chemistry of this department showed that it consisted essentially of the extractives of wild cherry bark, spruce gum, sugar, alcohol, and water.

Misbranding of the article was alleged in substance in the libels for the reason that the aforesaid statements, regarding the curative or therapeutic effects thereof, were false and fraudulent in that the article contained no ingredient or ingredients capable of producing the effects claimed.

On July 20, 1920, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

E. D. BALL, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

SS13. Misbranding of Sirop D'Anis (sirup of anise). U. S. * * * v. 120 Bottles of Sirop D'Anis. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 12707. I. S. No. 905-r. S. No. E-2197.)

On May 26, 1920, the United States attorney for the Northern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel for the seizure and condemnation of 120 bottles of Sirop D'Anis, at Ogdensburg, N. Y., alleging that